MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

19461. Adulteration of rolled oats. U. S. v. 40 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34070. Sample No. 35850-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 25, 1952, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 8, 1951, from Battle Creek, Mich.

PRODUCT: 40 5-pound bags of rolled oats at Toledo, Ohio.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and insect webbing. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 27, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19462. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 12 Sacks * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34071. Sample No. 35830-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 25, 1952, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 4, 1951, from Norfolk, Va.

PRODUCT: 12 100-pound sacks of rice at Toledo, Ohio.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 3, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19463. Adulteration of rice and barley. U. S. v. 23 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 34074. Sample Nos. 8197-L, 8198-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 25, 1952, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 8, 1951, and June 16, 1952, from Stuttgart, Ark., and Akron, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 23 25-pound bags of rice and 5 100-pound bags of barley at Pittsburgh, Pa., in the possession of M. J. Laughery & Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects and rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth. The articles were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: November 24, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the products be delivered to a county institution, for use as animal feed.

19464. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 2,000 Bushels * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33635. Sample No. 65579-L.)

LIBEL FILED: August 13, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 21, 1952, by the Farmers Union Grain Terminal Association, from Joplin, Mont.

PRODUCT: 2,000 bushels of wheat at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, a mercurial compound, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is a substance not required in the production of the article and can be avoided by good manufacturing practice.

DISPOSITION: August 26, 1952. The Farmers Union Grain Terminal Association, St. Paul, Minn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reprocessing, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

The product was scoured, with the result that 4,250 pounds of scourings were obtained and were destroyed.

19465. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 1 Carload * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33657. Sample No. 65154-L.)

LIBEL FILED: August 26, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 7, 1952, by the HiLine Farmers Union Grain Co., from Peak, N. Dak.

PRODUCT: 1 carload of wheat at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, a mercurial compound, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is a substance not required in the production of the article and can be avoided by good manufacturing practice.

DISPOSITION: September 10, 1952. The Farmers Union Grain Terminal Association, St. Paul, Minn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reprocessing by scouring, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

As a result of the scouring operations, 4,330 pounds of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

19466. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 1 Carload * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33624. Sample No. 65268-L.)

LIBEL FILED: August 2, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 15, 1952, by Bert Henry & Sons, from Dunning, N. Dak.

Product: 1 carload of wheat at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, a mercurial compound, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is a substance not required in the production of the article and can be avoided by good manufacturing practice.

DISPOSITION: August 13, 1952. The Farmers Union Grain Terminal Association, St. Paul, Minn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for the purpose of removing the flax which had been found to be in the product and for reprocessing the wheat by scouring, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

The wheat was separated from the flax, with the result that, out of the 77,520 pounds contained in the railroad car, 21,940 pounds were found to